#### LESSON 10: Months and Seasons

The traditional Lakota people used the sun, moon and changes in surroundings as the contemporary Lakota people and non-Indians use the calendar.

### Vocabulary

wi etu the sun, the moon; a month expresses the concept of time

anpetu anpo anpa day or daytime before sunrise

sunshine

h'tayetu

fading time, evening

From sunrise to sunset is divided into:

wicokanyasni anpecokanya wicokanyasanpa forenoon midday, noon afternoon

hanyetu

hanwi

night, night time

hancokanya

midnight; when the first stars seen in the east are in the middle of the sky

the moon

There are 12 to 13 months and four seasons. The four seasons are :

wi yetu, wetu

sun time; spring

bloketu

male time; potato time, summer

ptanyetu

changeable time; autumn

waniyetu

snow existing time; winter

Non traditional words:

oko

week

wiyawapi.

calendar

#### Months

The following are the basic months which varied slightly from area to area.

There are two moons in the spring season which are

magaksica agli wi ducks come together moon (April)

canwape ton wi tree leaves potent moon (May)

There are four moons in the summer season which are

tinpsila wi wild turnip moon (June)

canpa sapa wi black choke cherry moon (July)

kanta sa wi red plums moon (August)

canwape gi wi tree leaves turn yellow moon (September)

There are two moons in the autumn season:

canwapekasna wi tree leaves shaken off moon (October)

waniyetu wi snow exists time moon (November)

There are either four or five moons in the winter season which are

wanicokan wi snow exists, middle moon (December)

tehi wi hardship moon (January)

wicata wi racoon moon, dead moon (February)

istawicayazan wi eyes sore moon (March)

tanin sni wi discernible not moon, sometimes

appeared and sometimes didn't and no one could tell for certain until the seasons

showed that it had appeared.

Many believed that the year began with the first moon of the first season which ordinarily was when the ducks returned, but if there was an indiscernible moon, then this was when the year began. The winter season completed the year; therefore, a winter meant a complete year.

#### Exercises

1. Wiyawapi kin imahel oko topa — There are four weeks in a month. ye/yelo.

2. Oko kin imahel anpetu šakowin There are seven days in a week ye/yelo.

3. Wiyawapi kin imahel anpetu tor he/hwo?	na How many days are there in a month?
Wiyawapi kin imahel hunh anpetu wikcemna yamni na hunh wikcemna nupa sam saglogan ye/yelo.	Some of the months have 30 days, and 31 days, and one has 28 days.
<ol> <li>Waniyetu wi kin imahel anpetu wikcemna yamni sam wanji ye/yelo.</li> </ol>	There are 31 days in December.
5. Canwape gi wi kin imahel anpetu tona he/hwo?	How many days are in September?
Canwapi gi wi kin imahel anpetu wikcemna yamni ye/yelo.	There are 30 days in the month of September .
6. Le omaka kin tohani wayawa yin kta he /hwo?	This year what month will he/she go to school?
Le omaka kin kanta sa wi imahel wayawa yin kte ye/yek	This year he/she will go to school in o. August.
7. Tohanyan wayawa un kta he/hwo?	How long will he/she be in school?
Wi napcinyunka wayawa un kte ye/yelo.	He/she will be in school for nine months.
8. Le omaka kin tohan wayawa iglustan kta he/hwo?	When will he/she finish school this year?
Le omaka kin canwapeton wi hehan wayawa iglustan kte ye/yelo.	This year he/she will finish school in May.
9. Ben taku wi kin gli kta he/hwo?	What month will Ben arrive home?
Ben canwapekasna wi kin gli kte ye/yelo?	In October, Ben will come home.
10. Le taku wi he/hwo? Le ye/yelo.	What month is this? This is
11. Owayawa kin taku wi iyotakapi he/hwo?	What month will school start?
Owayawa kin kanta sa wi	Sagool will start in August.

imahel iyotakapi kte ye/yelo?

12. Owayawa kin tohanyan inyanka kta he/hwo?

How long will the school run?

Owayawa kin wi napcinyunka inyanka kte ye/yelo?

The school will run for nine months.

13.Bloketu asnikiyapi kin wi yamni so?

Summer vacation is three months, isn't it?

Bloketu asnikiyapi kin wi yamni, TinpsilaWi, na Canpasapa Wi, na Kanta Sa Wi ye/yelo.

Summer vacation is June, July and August.

14.Tohanl asniyakiyin kta he/hwo?

When do you have your vacation?

Ptanyetu kin asniwakiyin kte ye/yelo.

I will have my vacation in the fall.

Tohani asnikiyapi kta he/hwo?

When will they have their vacation?

15.Tohan Wiwanyang Wacipi he/hwo?

When will they Sun Dance?

Bloketu cokanya kin Wacipi kte ye/yelo.

They will have the Sun Dance in Winwanyang mid-summer.

16. Wetu kin yahi kta he/hwo? Han, wetu kin wahi kte ye/yelo. Yes, I will come in the spring.

Will you come in the spring?

## Additional Vocabulary

osni okate wahinhe maģaju

cold hot snowing rain

maste tate wakinyan agli wasuhinhe.

sunshine, sunny wind, windy thunderstorn hailing

iwoblu wayawa hunh"

blizzard to attend school some

# Weather

1.	. Waḥinhe ye/yelo. Magaju ye/yelo. Lila tate ye/yelo.	It is r	snowing. rainIng. very windy.		
	Maste ye/yelo. Wakinyan agli ye/yelo. Wasuhinhe ye/yelo.	it is o	sunny. a thunderstorm, nailing.		
	Okate ye/yelo. Osni ye/yelo.	It is t	not. cold.		
	Exercises that deal with the Weather				
1.	Anpetu Tokaheya hehan wakiny agli ye/yelo.	an an	There was a thunderstorm on Monday.		
	hehan wakiyan agil ye/yelo.		There was a thunderstorm on		
2.	Hanhepi lila tate ye/yelo. ye/yelo.		It was very windy last night. It was		
3.	Hinhanni wahinhe ye/yelo.		This morning it was snowing. This it was		
4.	Magaju hehan wagli ye/yelo. hehan ye/yel	lo.	came back when it was raining.  ——— when it was		
5.	Le omaka kin ota wasuhinhe ye/yelo.		This year there are lots of hail storms.		
	Le omaka kin ye/yelo.		This year there are		
6.	Lila okate hehan hipi ye/yelo.		They came when it was very hot.		
	hehan ye/yelo.	•	when it was		
7.	Tate na okate ye/yelo. na ye/yelo.		It is windy and hot. It is and		

# With this exercise you may go back and fill in the blanks using the given vocabulary.

8.	Lehani anpetu tokeca he/hwo?	What kind of a day is it?
	Anpetu maste ye/yelo.	It is a sunny day.
9.	Lehanl anpetu tokeca he/hwo?	What kind of a day it it?
	Anpetu waste ye/yelo.	It is a good day.
10	Lehanl anpetu tokeca he/hwo?	What kind of day is it?
	Lehani ye/yelo.	Now it is

This is the conclusion of Lesson 10. If you feel you haven't mastered the material, you may stop the tape and go back to the beginning of the lesson. Repeat until mastery of the material is achieved.